# Phytochemical Importance of Catharanthus roseus as A Source of Anticancer Agent

### Abstract

*Catharanthus roseus* also known as "The Madagascar periwinkle" is an important medicinal plant belongs to Apocynaceae family has anticancer properties. In the present study an attempt was made to investigate the phytochemical analysis and anticancer activity of extract of *Catharanthus roseus*.

The *C. roseus* extracts has levels of the anticancer activities. The leaves of *C. roseus* showed good phytochemical importance. The phytochemical analysis of the *C. roseus* shows the presence of alkaloids, terpenoids, steroids, flavonoids and other plant secondary metabolites.The alkaloids like Vinblastine (vincaleucoblastine) and vincristine (leurocristine) are main compounds present in

*C. roseus*, which are used in treatment of various human cancers, like lymphatic cancer, leukemia cancer so it is considered as miracle in cancer chemotherapy.

Keywords: Catharanthus roseus, Phytochemical, Anti-Cancer, Vinblastine and Vincristine.

### Introduction

Medicinal plants contain some organic compounds which provide definite physiological action on the human body because of presence of various bioactive substances such as tannins, alkaloids, carbohydrates, terpenoids, steroids and flavonoids (Paikara *et. al*, 2015). *Catharanthus roseus* is an important plant of Apocynaceae family. It having an anticancer properties (Jaleel *et. al.*, 2009).The anticancer alkaloids Vinblastine and Vincristine are derived from stem and leaf of *Catharanthus roseus*. These alkaloids have medicinal value which helps in prevention of cancerous cells growth.Vinblastine and Vincristine are some special alkaloids having chemotherapeutic properties used for inhibiting the growth of cancereous cells and used for the treatment of metastatic testicular cancer, Hodgkin's lymphoma, Kaposi's sarcoma and carcinoma of the breast.

### Fig 1: Catharanthus Roseus



### Phytochemical Analysis

Phytochemicals are basically special type of chemicals present in various medicinal plants and used for the treatment of various disease. On the basis of their function phytochemicals are divided in two groups that are primary and secondary metabolites. Primary metabolites comprise of amino acids, fats, proteins, whereas secondary metabolites alkaloids, flavonoids, and tannins. By the phytochemical screening process of

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different crude plant extracts shows the presence of different secondary metabolites for example saponins, flavanoids, tannins, etc.

### **Extraction and Isolation**

The dried leaf materials were washed airdried at room temperature (26°C) for 2 weeks, after which it was ground to a uniform powder. The dry powder was extracted by reflexed in 100 mL methanol for 24 h. Whatman filter paper, No. 1 is used for filtering of the plant extract. The filtrate was then evaporated and dried at 55°C. Ethanol and distilled water extracts are obtained and all the extracts are preserved. The dried extract which we obtained from the above process stored at 20°C in labelled sterile bottles.

### **Qualitative Phytochemical screening**

*Catharanthus roseus* with petroleum ether extract were subjected to various qualitative tests for the identification of plant constituents.

Qualit	ative	Analysis of Phytochemicals

Phytochemical Test	Result
<b>1. Test for Alkaloid</b> 1.0ml of plant extract was taken and then 1.0 ml of	Yellow colour appears
saturated solution of picric acid was added to plant	
extract	
2.Test for Tannins	Brownish green or blue- black
Take 0.5 g of the plant extract and boiled in 10 ml of	
water in a test tube and then filter it. And add few drops	
of FeCl <sub>3</sub> 3 Test for Saponins	Stable peristant frath appears. Formation of an
1g of plant extract added in 5ml of distilled water in a	Stable persistent froth appears. Formation of an emulsion
test tube. The solution was stirred. Then 3 drops of olive	emulsion
oil was mixed and shaken vigorously.	
Also add H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	
4 Test for Cardiac Glycosides	A brown ring at the interface.
0.5g of extract was diluted to 5 ml in water was added 2	A violet ring was appeared next to the brown ring.
ml of glacial acetic acid containing one drop of FeCl3. This was under laid with 1 ml of conc. H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	Greenish ring may form just above the brown ring.
5 Test for Tarpenoids	A reddish brown coloration of
5 ml of test material was mixed with 2 ml of chloroform and 3 ml of conc. $H_2SO_4$ was added to form a layer.	the interface was formed.
6 Test for Phenol	Appearance of violet or brown colour.
Take 2 ml of plant extract and add 2 ml of Folin's	
reagent	
7 Test for Flavonoids	Yellow colour appears
Take test material and add 5 ml of ammonia solution	reliew colour appears
followed by addition of conc. H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> .	
8. Test for Carbohydrates	Reddish violet ring at the junction appears.
10 ml H2O was added in 2 ml of extract and 2 drops of	
ethanolic $\alpha$ -naphthol were added which was followed by addition of 2 ml of	
conc. $H_2SO_4$ .	

Table 2: Phytochemical Evaluation of *Catharanthus roseus* 

S.No	Phytochemical	Results
1	Tannins	+
2	Cardiac Glycosides	+
3	Alkaloids	+
4	Flavanoids	+
5	Carbohydrate	-
6	Terpenoids	+
7	Proteins	-
8	Saponins	+

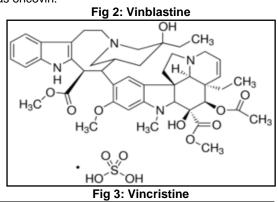
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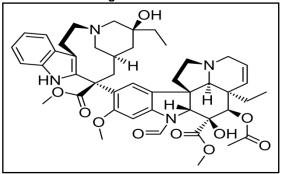
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### Anticancer Properties of Catharanthus Roseus

The alkaloids such as Vinblastine and Vincristine which derived from Catharanthus roseus having medicinal values and these show inhibition effect on some human cancers. Vinblastine is used for treatment of metastatic testicular cancer, Hodakin's lymphoma, Kaposi's sarcoma and carcinoma of the breast. Vincristine another important alkaloids is used for treatment of skin and blood cancer. Plant extracts of Catharanthus shows the significant anticancer activity against various cancer. Vinblastine is also named as Velban and Vincristine as oncovin.





### Conclusion

Various medicinal plants were being investigated for their medicinal value. There is presence of thousands of phytochemicals in medicinal plants which is used for the estimation of plants medicinal value .Above study showed Phytochemical analysis of *Catharanthus roseus* indicated the presence of tannins, alkaloid, flavonoid, terpenoid and glycosides.

These phytochemicals are biologically active compounds found in medicinal plant parts which are precursors for clinically useful drugs .The potency of medicinal plants is attributed to the action of the phytochemical constituents. These are actually produced by plants as secondary metabolites in response to environmental pressure or as a defence mechanism Catharanthus roseus contains alkaloids such asvinblastine, vincristine. Vincristine is used as the chemotherapeutic agent for Hodgkin'slymphoma, while vinblastine is used for childhood leukemia. Vinblastine is used for treatment of metastatic testicular cancer, Hodgkin's lymphoma, Kaposi's sarcoma and carcinoma of the breast. Vincristine another important alkaloids is used for treatment of skin and blood cancer.

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